

Temperatuer Controller of Dry Transformer

I

BWDK-3206H Series manual



LEAD Intelligent instrument leader National sales leading brands

Safety Guidance

Please read the instructions carefully before installing and operating the controller, and proper keeping.

\land \Lambda Warning

- Please read the instructions and wiring diagram carefully before using the controller.
- The controller monitors dangerous power transformers. If users do not obey a prescribed procedure to operate, that will lead to property damage or serious injury or even death.
- Only qualified technical personnel are allowed to operate the controller, and all safety instructions, installation, operation and maintenance procedures in the manual should be known before operating.
- Make sure that all electrical connections are correct and secure. The controller must be grounded reliably.
- After the controller is powered on, some terminals are energized, please be careful.
- The sensor cable plug and the power cord should be separated from the controller before the transformer voltage test, so as not to damage the controller!

Attention

- The controller may only be used for the purpose specified by our company, and unauthorized modifications may cause the controller to malfunction or even fail.
- Please note the use conditions of the controller, especially the humid environment.
- The controller is avoided to be used in the atmosphere contains sulfur dioxide, hydrogen sulfide and other corrosive gases using, otherwise it will be damaged.
- Do not apply a voltage or current that is greater than the rated value on the output terminals.
- Do not use a lighter to grill the sensor, otherwise the sensor will fail.
- Undefined terminals are not allowed to use.
- Please put the instructions in an easy place and give it to all users.

Special Product Description:

If the contents of the instruction do not conform to the product, the wiring diagram of the actual

product shall prevail.

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01 The Description and Type Selection of General Functions

Product overview

BWDK-3206H series dry type transformer integrated controller is newly designed based on the combination of customer requirements, structural design and performance reliability. It not only has dry-type transformer temperature monitoring function, but also integrates inductive high-voltage live display device, terminal box and other extended functions. It is an integrated innovative product that fully embodies the "customer-centric".

Functional features

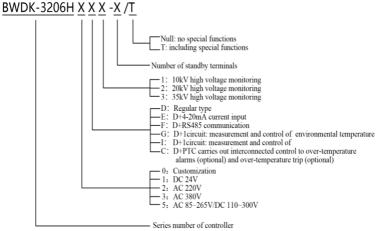
Temperature monitoring of dry-type transformer: three-phase circuit measurements and display; the maximum display; input open circuit and failure self-inspection display and output; cooling draught fan manual/automatic start-stop display and output; over-temperature alarms, over-temperature trip display and output; displayed value compensation of all channels; "black box"; control for timing startstop of the draught fan; Temperature simulation. The full series uses the principle of number uniqueness to define input& output terminal functions, in order to facilitate the client drawing design, field wiring and control box change. Communication/simulation current is output from the terminals, no need to the intermediate conversion terminal. For the sensor cable interface, the front-end installation method is adopted to provide easy installation for clients.

Inductive high voltage charged display device is a new non-contact high-voltage electrification detection device. It do not directly connect with high voltage live body. It can sense the electric field signal and accurately reflect the live condition of the high voltage live body and use microprocessors for signal processing and latching control outputs. It has features such as live no-power display, self-check, and start of forced lockout loops. The product meets the requirements of DL/T 538-2006 standard and is the preferred device used in high-voltage electrical equipment in the house to prevent entering into charged spacing and electrical applicance misoperation.

Terminal box: Air switches and a certain number of terminals will be added and sufficient space will be reserved for wiring, in order to achieve the functions of the terminal box.

Extended functions: Monitor and control the ambient temperature and humidity as well as carry out relevant functional expansion based on client demands.

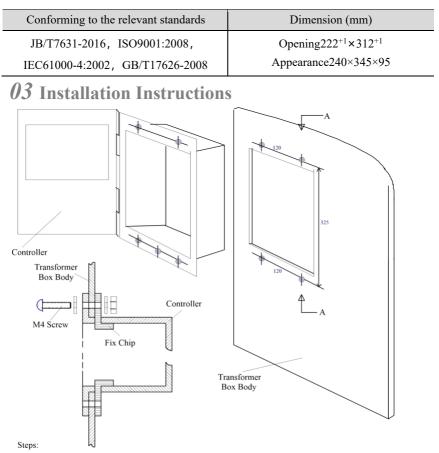
Type selection (any combination between E, F, G, I and C)



02 Technical Parameters

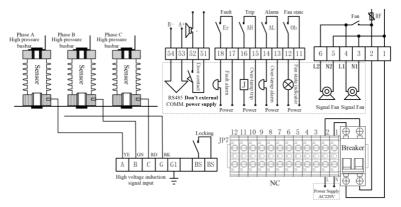
Basic technical parameters

| Ambient temperature (°C) | Relative humidity (%RH) | Measurement range(℃) | Sensor type |
|--|----------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| -20 ~ 55 | < 95 (25°C) | -30.0 ~ 240.0 | Pt100 (Three-wire) |
| Power frequency (Hz) | Power voltage (V) | Power consumption of controller (W) | Resolution(°C) |
| 50/60(±2) | AC220 (-15%, | ≤8 | 0.1 |
| | +10%) | | |
| Contact capacity | | Accuracy grade | |
| Fan: 6A 250VAC (cosφ=0.4) Other: 5A 250VAC/5A 30VDC (resistive) | | (| troller: grade 0.5; : grade B) |



- An inlaid hole and four retaining holes are tapped on the transformer box body as shown in the installation dimension figure.
- 2 The temperature controller door is opened and the temperature controller is inserted into the inlaid hole.
- ③ Temperature controller is fixed properly with M6 screws and Fixed film.

04 Wiring Diagram Example and Instructions



Notes: The terminal with "JP7" and without cables is a standby terminal. There is no definition for the standby terminal.

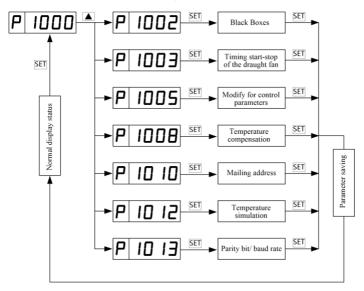
- Terminal 1 and 2 are controller working power supply and connected to AC220V (please indicate in orders if any special things exist).
- Terminal 3, 4, 5 and 6 are draught fan active output. Users cannot use outer power supply when connecting the draught fan.
- Terminal 11 and 12 are signal output of fan remote transmission (passive contact).
- Terminal 13 and 14 are over-temperature alarm output (passive contact).
- Terminal 15 and 16 are over-temperature trip output (passive contact).
- Terminal 17 and 18 are fault alarm output (passive contact).
- Terminal 51 and 52 are door contact signals input (do not use the outer power supply because of internal power supply).
- Terminal 53 and 54 are RS485 communications (F-type functions).
- Terminal A,B,C&G are high-voltage sensing signal inputs of phase A, phase B, and phase C respectively. (Line colors yellow, green and red correspond to phase A, phase B, and phase C)
 Terminal G1 should be directly grounded.
- Terminal BS is high voltage latching output.
- The model and number of standby terminals are remarked when users order goods.

05 Human Machine Interface

Key instructions

| Buttons | Functions | Instructions |
|----------|-------------------------------|--|
| SET | Setup key | Make sure and enter into the next step. |
| A | Added key/manual key | Functions 1: Set plus 1 for parameters, which could be done rapidly by long pressing. Functions 2: Start and stop the draught fan by hands (when the temperature display interface and draught fan are not started automatically). |
| ▼ | Reduced key/maximum key | Functions 1: Set cut 1 for parameters, which could be done rapidly by long pressing. Functions 2: Always display the highest temperature in all phases. |
| Fn+ESC | Reset button | Press this button for over 1 second to reset the controller. |

Common function codes diagram



Note 1: When displaying the function prompts, press SET key to enter into the corresponding data display window; and with multiple function parameters, repeat pressing the SET key to set up from the larger numbers from the lower serial number.

Note 2: The following parameters are conventional default values. Details are subject to the controller certification or the wiring figure.

| No. | Display | Instructions | Remarks | | | |
|--|---------|-----------------------|---|-----------|--|--|
| 1 | P-EE- | Power failure records | Display the temperature during the power failure, and press the ▲ key to check the temperature of all phases during the power failure. | | | |
| Timing Start-Stop of the Draught Fan (P1003) | | | | | | |
| No. | Display | Instructions | Default (h) | Range (h) | | |

0-150

Black box (P1002)

I P-00- setting of the 0 Draught Fan

Timing start-stop

Modification of Control Parameters (P1005)

| • | Setting | of Con | ventional | Control | Parameters |
|---|---------|--------|-----------|---------|------------|
|---|---------|--------|-----------|---------|------------|

| No. | Display | Instructions | Default (℃) | Range (°C) |
|-----|---------|---|-------------|-------------|
| 1 | P-Ob- | Start-stop target values of Fan | 90.0 | -30.0-240.0 |
| 2 | P-dF- | Start-stop return differences of Fan | 10.0 | 0.0-15.0 |
| 3 | P-AH- | Over-temperature trip target values | 150.0 | -30.0-240.0 |
| 4 | P-AL- | Over-temperature alarm target values | 130.0 | -30.0-240.0 |

• G-type control parameter setting (following the conventional control parameter setting serial number 4)

| No. | Display | Instructions | Default (℃) | Range (°C) |
|-----|---------|--|-------------|-------------|
| 5 | P-ObJ | Start-stop target values of room fan | 35.0 | -30.0-240.0 |
| 6 | P-dFJ | Start-stop return differences of room fan | 2.5 | 0.0-15.0 |

| 7 | P-AHJ | Target values of room trip | 70.0 | -30.0-240.0 | | |
|-----|---|----------------------------|-------------|-------------|--|--|
| | • I-type control parameter setting (following the conventional control parameter setting serial number 4) | | | | | |
| No. | Display | Instructions | Default (℃) | Range (°C) | | |
| 5 | P-ALJ | Target values of iron | 130.0 | -30.0-240.0 | | |

 Notes: The default value of the target value return difference is 0.3 °C unless otherwise indicated; When the corresponding temperature is higher than the total values of target values and return differences, its corresponding functions are output.

Temperature Compensation (P1008)

| No. | Display | Instructions | Default (°C) | Range (°C) |
|---------|---------|-----------------------|--------------|------------|
| 1 | | Temperature | | |
| | A-Ad- | compensation entering | | |
| | | the phase A | | |
| 2 | | Temperature | | |
| | b-Ad- | compensation entering | | |
| | | the phase b | 0.0 | -19.9-19.9 |
| 3 | | Temperature | 0.0 | -19.9-19.9 |
| | C-Ad- | compensation entering | | |
| | | the phase C | | |
| 4 | | Temperature | | |
| | d-Ad- | compensation entering | | |
| | | the phase d | | |
| 3.6 111 | | G (1) (D1010) | | |

Mailing Address Setting (P1010)

| No. | Display | Instructions | Default | Range |
|-----|---------|-------------------------|---------|-------|
| 1 | P-dd- | Mailing address setting | 1 | 1-247 |

Temperature Simulation (P1012)

| No. | Display | Instructions | Simulation Range (℃) |
|-----|---------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|
| 1 | A-AA- | Entering the temperature simulation | -30.5-240.5 |

Notes: The simulation temperature is not involved in controlling over-temperature trip!

| No. | Display | Instructions | Default | Range | |
|------------|---|--------------------|---------------|-------|--|
| 1 | P-PC- | Parity bit setting | 0 (No parity) | 0-2 | |
| 2 | P-bL- | Baud rate setting | 3 (9600) | 0-4 | |
| Mata 1. D. | Note 1. Denite hit (). No marity (N) 1. Even marity (E) 2. Odd marity (O) | | | | |

Setting of Parity Bit and Baud Rate (P1013)

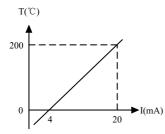
Note 1: Parity bit: 0: No parity (N) 1: Even parity (E) 2: Odd parity (O)

Note 2: Baud rate: 0:1200 1:2400 2:4800 3:9600 4:19200

06 4-20mACurrent Output (E Type)

Technical requirements for current output

- Load resistance: $R \leq 500\Omega$; Output accuracy: $\pm 1\%$
- The corresponding curve and relation expression between measured temperature and output current of the controller:



Relation expression of temperature and current: I=(16T/200)+4

current: I = (161/200) + 4

Therein: T is the temperature value of one phase ($^{\circ}C$)

I refers to the current value corresponding to the temperature of this phase (mA)

Functional features

There is a co-linearity relation between 4-20mA current signals and the detected temperature values (0.0-200.0 $^{\circ}C$), and one circuit temperature corresponds to one circuit current. If users have special requirements for current signals, please explain them when placing orders.

07 Instructions of RS485 Communication Protocol (FType)

Data Frame Format

| Start Bit | Data Length | | Parity Bit | | | Stop Bits | |
|---|-----------------------|------------------|------------|---|---------------------------------|-----------|----------------------|
| 1 bit | 8 bits | | 0 0 | 0 or 1 bit (settable) | | 1 bit | |
| The Upper Computer Message Format (Example) | | | | | | | |
| Message Format | Instrument Address | Function Code | | Reading Register Start Address | Number of Reading Data | | CRC Check Code |
| Telemetry (three routes) | 0x01 | 0x03 | | 0x0000 | 0x(| 0003 | 0x05CB |
| Telemetry (four routes) | 0x01 | 0x0 | 13 | 0x0000 | 0x(| 0004 | 0x4409 |
| Remote Communication | 0x01 | 0x0 | | 0x0000 | | 0001 | 0x31CA |

Notes: The number of start addresses and reading data can be changed according to actual conditions.

Controller Return Message format (Example)

| | | 9 | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Message Format | Instrument Address | Function Code | Number of Reading Bytes | Data Reading | CRC Check Code |
| Telemetry (three routes) | 0x01 | 0x03 | 0x06 | Temperature data of each phase | #### |
| Telemetry (four routes) | 0x01 | 0x03 | 0x08 | Temperature data of each phase | #### |
| Remote Communication | 0x01 | 0x04 | 0x02 | Relay status data | #### |

The Address Definition and Data Analysis of the Register

• The Address and Data Instructions of Telemetry Register

| Attribute | Register | Data Type | Proportionality | Data Range |
|-------------|----------|-----------|-----------------|------------|
| Description | Address | Data Type | Factor | Data Kange |

| 400 | | |
|--------------------|--|--|
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| 400 | | |
| 400 | | |
| | | |
| ructions | | |
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| Bit Number | bit3 | bit2 | bit1 | bit0 |
|---------------|--|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| Functions | Iron core alarms or machine room fans | Over-temperature alarm | Over-temperature trip | Draught fan running |

Four-circuit Temperature Measurements (G/I)

Notes: Door contact status, heating and dehumidification and Fan faults are used in case of the special function requirement

Remote control (special function, which is put forward during goods ordering)

• The Instructions on the Address Definition of the Remote Control Register

The telecontrol relay address corresponds to the definition of relay status bit in the remote communication function. For example, bit0 corresponds to 0x0000, which is the address of the remote control draught fan relay. By analogy, bit0-bit7 corresponds to 0x0000-0x0007. For details, refer to the definition of the relay status data low eight bits; However, in order to avoid mistrip, the upper computer cannot remotely control the over-temperature trip relay contact.

| | Control Diau | gint Fair Mess | age (Example) | | |
|---|------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Message Format | Instrumen t Address | Function Code | Address of Telecontrol Delay | Control Commands | CRC Check Code |
| Remote Control Draught Fan (Start) | 0x01 | 0x05 | 0x0000 | 0xFF00 | 0x8C3 A |
| Remote Control Draught Fan (Stop) | 0x01 | 0x05 | 0x0000 | 0x0000 | 0xCDC A |

| Remote Control Draught Fan Message (Example) | • | Remote C | ontrol Dra | ught Fan | Message | (Example) |
|--|---|----------|------------|----------|---------|-----------|
|--|---|----------|------------|----------|---------|-----------|

Notes: In event of normal communications, the upper computer message is consistent with the controller return message.

08 Inductive high-voltage monitoring

Function description

• When the power supply of inductive high-voltage monitor is powered by battery, the indicator light flashes and the relay is locked.

Note:

- The grounding wire should be directly led to the nearest grounding point and directly grounded
- Ensure that continuity of shielded wires between sensors and inductive highvoltage monitor. The shielded wire cannot be disconnected from the middle or through the middle terminal.
- Shielding wire should be kept away from strong electricity.
- Note: inductive high-voltage monitor alone is not enough to prove that the system is not powered. If there is any doubt or influence of the prescribed operating procedures, an electroscope that meets the requirements of DL 740 should be used.

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The contents listed in this manual are for reference and the manufacturer reserves the right to change the contents